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#### Section 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Omega Products International P.O. Box 77220 Corona, CA 92877-0107

Company Phone Number: 1-951-737-7447

Emergency Phone Number: 1-951-737-7447 or 1-800-600-6634

Trade Name: MAVS 1000, MAVS 2000, MAVS 3000, and MAVS Grout

Chemical Family: chemical mixture

Issue Date: June 03,2019

#### Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Emergency Overview

### Classification (GHS-US)

Category	Description	Code
1Č	Skin Corrosion/Irritation	H314
1	Eye Damage	H318
1	Skin Sensitization	H317
1A	Carcinogenicity/Inhalation	H350

### 2.2 Label Elements

# GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)







Signal Word (GHS-US)

Danger Hazard Statements (GHS-US) H314 – Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

> H318 – Causes serious eye damage H317 – May cause allergic skin irritation

H350 - May cause cancer through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation.

Prevention Precautionary Statements

(GHS-US)

P260 – Do not breathe dust.

P264 – Wash clothing, face, and hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 – Wear eye protection, protective clothing, and protective gloves.



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Response Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

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P301+P330+P350 – If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. P303+P361+P352 – If on skin (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse with water/shower.

P304+P341 – If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 – If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 – If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P333+P313 – If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P501 – Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national regulations

**Inhalation:** In addition to causing cancer, prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica causes silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs, which is a permanent and progressive condition that may lead to death. Silicosis may aggravate or increase the risk of tuberculosis, scleroderma, nephrotoxicity, bronchitis, emphysema, and asthma. Actions taken to control hazards related to respirable crystalline silica are adequate to control hazards from microorganisms that may be also present in some products.

**Eye Contact:** A mechanical irritant which can cause moderate eye irritation. This product may cause abrasion to the cornea. Avoid wearing contact lenses when working with product.

#### Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION OF INGREDIENTS

CAS#	Name % by Wt.		Exposure Limit	
			OSHA PEL (respirable)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
65997-15-1 Portland Cement	20 - 40	OSHA PEL (total)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	1		ACGIH TLV (respirable)	10 mg/m³ (less 1% Quartz)
1317-65-3	Ground calcium carbonate	0 - 5	OSHA PEL (total)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1317-00-3	GCC)	0-5	OSHA PEL (respirable)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
14808-60-7 Silic	Silica, crystalline (quartz)	50 - 75	OSHA PEL (respirable)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			ACGIH TLV (respirable)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

All other components are considered non hazardous, if considered hazaradous are present in quantitiles of less than 1.0 % by weight, or if considered carcinogenic, are present in quantities of less than 0.10 % by weight.

#### **Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

Eye contact

Inhalation

Skin contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for 15 minutes. If chemical burns occur, promptly get them treated by a physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep in a position comfortable for breathing. If the individual is not breathing, if breathing is irregular, or if respiratory arrest occurs due to gross inhalation, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical help if coughing or symptoms persist.

Immediately wash thoroughly with lukewarm water, gently flowing water and non-abrasive pH neutral soap. Seek medical attention for rashes, burns, irritation, dermatitis, and prolonged unprotected exposures to material.



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Get medical attention immediately. Call poison control or physician. Have victim rinse mouth with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Remove victim to fresh air and keep in a position comfortable for breathing.

#### **Section 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

**Unusual Hazards** 

**Products of Combustions Protection of firefighters** 

Non-flammable. Use extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide,

carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, and metal oxide/oxides products

None

Positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and structural

firefighters clothing will provide adequate protection

#### Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For personal protective clothing requirements, please see Section 8.

For non-emergency personnel Evacuate area, if necessary. Contact emergency personnel, if needed. Do

not breathe dust. Stav upwind.

For emergency personnel Evacuate surrounding areas if necessary. Keep unnecessary and

unprotected personnel from entering. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate

ventilation.

**Environmental precautions** Avoid release to the environment. Contain spill to avoid discharge of spilled

material into drains, surface waters, and/or groundwater. If the spilled material enters any drainage systems, surface waters, and/or groundwater, follow applicable local, state, and federal laws and regulations for additional

clean-up and/or reporting regulations.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as described in Section 8 for cleaning, containing and removing the spill. Minimize generation of dust. For small spills, clean with a vacuum with a filtration system sufficient to remove and prevent recirculation of cement dust (a vacuum equipped with a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter is recommended). For large spills, use control dust measures and carefully scoop or shovel into clean dry container for later reuse or disposal. DO NOT USE COMPRESSED AIR TO CLEAN SPILLS.

#### Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Use in well ventilated areas.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage Store in a cool, dry location and out of direct sunlight. Protect sacks from

weather and other damage.



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#### Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

CAS#	Name	Exposure Limit	
		OSHA PEL (respirable)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
65997-15-1 Portland Cement	OSHA PEL (total)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		ACGIH TLV (respirable)	10 mg/m³ (less 1% Quartz)
131/-65-3   -	Ground calcium carbonate (GCC)	OSHA PEL (total)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		OSHA PEL (respirable)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
14808-60-7	Silica or (stalling (quartz)	OSHA PEL (respirable)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Silica, crystalline (quartz)	ACGIH TLV (respirable)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering controls**Use local ventilation, if needed.

**Eye/face protection**Use chemical splash goggles (ANSI 287.1 or approved equivalent) **Skin protection**Use rubber or neoprene gloves to provide protection against wet material. **Respiratory protection**None required for normal use of this product. If material is sanded or ground

None required for normal use of this product. If material is sanded or ground when dry, NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators for dust should be provided and used. As with any safety product, workers using respirators should be

trained in the proper selection, use and care of such equipment.

General hygiene considerations Wash thoroughly after handling. Have eye-wash facilities immediately

available.

#### **Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Color Off-white, tan, or gray in color (color may change depending on colorant

added)

Odor Slight

Not available Odor Threshold Physical state Powdered Liquid Hq Not available Freezing point Not available **Boiling point** Not available Flash point Noncombustible Evaporation rate Not applicable Flammability Not flammable Auto Ignition Temperature Not applicable Vapor Pressure Not applicable Vapor Density Not applicable Specific Gravity Not available

Solubility (water) Not available Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not applicable

#### Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability Stable Conditions to avoid None

Incompatible materials

No known incompatible materials



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Hazardous decomposition products Thermal decomposition may yield carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfur

oxides, and metal oxide/oxides products

Possibility of hazardous reactions None

### Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Likely routes of exposure** Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact

Acute effects of exposure

Inhalation Inhalation of dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Symptoms of

exposure may include cough, sore throat, nasal congestion, sneezing,

wheezing, and shortness of breath.

Acute Silicosis can occur with exposure to very high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a very short time period, sometimes as short as a few months. The symptoms of acute silicosis include progressive shortness of breath, fever, cough and weight loss. Acute silicosis is fatal.

This product can cause severe eye damage and may cause abrasion to the

cornea.

**Skin contact** This product can cause severe skin burns.

**Ingestion** Unlikely exposure route. Can irritate/burn mouth and throat.

Chronic effects of exposure

Eve irritation

Silicosis Accelerated Silicosis can occur with exposure to high concentrations of

respirable crystalline silica over a relatively short period; the lung lesions can appear within five (5) years of the initial exposure. The progression can be rapid. Accelerated silicosis is similar to chronic or ordinary silicosis, except that the lung lesions appear earlier and the progression is more rapid.

Chronic silicosis is the most common form of silicosis, and can occur after many years (10 to 20 or more) of prolonged repeated inhalation of relatively low levels of airborne respirable crystalline silica dust. It is further defined as

either simple or complicated silicosis.

Cancer It is widely accepted that respirable crystalline silica which is used in this

product can cause lung cancer.

#### Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Persistence and degradability	No data available
Bioaccumulation potential	No data available
Mobility in soil	No data available
Other adverse effects	No data available
Ecotoxicity	No data available

#### Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements. The information presented below only applies to the material as



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supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

#### **Section 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

Land transport	USDOT	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
Sea transport	IMDG	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
Air transport	IATA/ICAO	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

#### **Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

TSCA All components of this product are listed, or are exempt from listing on the

TSCA inventory.

**CERCLA, section 103 (40CRF302.4)**This product contains the following toxic chemicals that require notification

of the National Response Center of releases of quantities of hazardous substances equal to or greater than the Reportable Quantities (RQ):

No reportable quantities are present

Clean Air Act, section 112 This product contains the following components present at or above the

minimum level and listed as Hazardous or Extremely Hazardous Air

Pollutants:

No reportable quantities are present

SARA, section 302 (40CFR355.30) and

section 304 (40CFR355.40)

This product contains the following items that require emergency planning based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQ) or release reporting based

on RQ:

No reportable quantities are present.

SARA, section 311/312 (40CFR370.21)

Hazard classification for this product

Fire - No Pressure generating - No

Reactivity - No Acute Health - Yes

Chronic Health - Yes

SARA, section 313 (40CFR372.65)

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting

requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and

Reauthorization Act of 1986:

No reportable quantities are present

#### **State Regulations:**

### California Proposition 65



**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including silica, crystalline (quartz) known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, visit www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

#### Massachusetts Right to Know

Ground calcium carbonate (GCC) 1317-65-3 Silica, crystalline quartz 14808-60-7

Pennsylvania Right to Know

Ground calcium carbonate (GCC) 1317-65-3



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### **Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Hazardous Material Information System III (U.S.A.)

Health: \*

Flammability: 0 Physical Hazards: 0

Health rating applies only to acute effects as defined by the National Paint and Coatings Association)

<u>Caution:</u> HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### Legend

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ACGIH	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists
HMIS	Hazardous Material Identification System
NTP	National Toxicology Program
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit

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<sup>\*</sup> See section 2